Healthy eating as a vegan

Key tips for a healthy vegan diet

Base meals on starchy carbohydrates (choose wholegrain where possible) such as rice, pasta, bread & potatoes.

Eat 5 portions of a variety of fruit and veg every day. Eat beans and pulses for a form of protein.

Drink plenty of fluids

and spreads and eat in small amounts.

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 Green, leafy vegetables eg.
 Broccoli, cabbage, and Kale, but not spinach

2. Unsweetened soya, rice, and oat drinks

- Calcium-set tofu
- Sesame seeds and tahini
 - 5. Pulses

Dried fruits eg.
 Raisins, prunes,
 figs, and dried
 apricots



Everyone needs iron in their diets to help the production of red blood cells. A vegan diet can be high in iron but iron from plant-based food is not absorbed by the body as well as iron from meat.



- Breakfast cereals fortified with iron.
- Dark green leafy veg, such as watercress, broccoli, spinach.
 - 4. Nuts.

5. Dried fruits such as apricots, prunes, and figs.



The body needs
vitamin D to regulate
calcium and phosphate
in the body. These
nutrients help to keep
bones, teeth, and
muscles healthy.

1. Exposure to sunlight – remember to wear sun protection on your skin in direct sunlight.

2. Fortified fat spreads, breakfast cereals and unsweetened soya drinks (with vitamins D added).

 Vitamin D supplements (read labels to ensure product is not of animal origin).

