

Institiúid Teicneolaíochta Leitir Ceanainn Letterkenny Institute of Technology Comhairle Higher na Education nDámhachtainí and Ardoideachais Training agus Awards Oiliúna Council

DIPLOMA SUPPLEMENT

This Diploma Supplement Model was developed by the European Commission, Council of Europe and UNESCO/CEPES. The purpose of the supplement is to provide sufficient independent data to improve the international 'transparency' and fair academic and professional recognition of qualifications (diplomas, degrees, certificates etc.). It is designed to provide a description of the nature, level, context, content and status of the studies that were pursued and successfully completed by the individual named on the original qualification to which this supplement is appended. It should be free from any value judgements, equivalence statements or suggestions about recognition. Information in all eight sections should be provided. Where information is not provided, an explanation should give the reason why.

INFORMATION IDENTIFYING THE HOLDER OF	3.3 Access Requirement(s):		
THE QUALIFICATION	Leaving Certificate or (or equivalent); further details www.lyit.ie		
1.1 Surname:	INFORMATION ON THE CONTENTS AND		
	4. RESULTS GAINED		
1.2 First Name(s):	4.1 Mode of Study:		
	Full-Time		
1.3 Date of Birth (day/month/year):	4.2 Programme Requirement		
<b>1.4</b> Student identity number or code (if available):	Learner must satisfy or graphine requered is as prescribed in the Approved College Science and the warks and Standards of the Institution ubjectories mail or generally 40%; further details www.lyit.ie		
2. INFORMATION IDENTIFYING THE QUALIFICATION	4. F ≤ e s e overleaf Graung Scheme and, if available, grade		
2.1 Name of qualification and (if application, atle	At Least 70% Distinction		
BACHELOR OF BUSINESS	At Least 50% Merit 2 The overall average is based on a credit-weighted		
2.2 Main field(s) of udy for the qualification:	performance in the award stage examination or on a weighted combination of the overall performance in more than two stages.		
in European Languages an Business			
2.3 Name and status of awarding institution (in original language):	<ul> <li>4.5 Overall classification of the qualification (in original language):</li> <li>2.5 Distribution</li> </ul>		
Letterkenny Institute of Technology, an automonous state			
institution, established in 1971 (www.lyit.ie); formerly known as Letterkenny Regional Technical College; Regional Technical Colleges Act 1992 refers; higher education and training programmes accredited by HETAC.	5. INFORMATION ON THE FUNCTION OF THE QUALIFICATION		
Name and status of institution (if different from 2.3)	5.1 Access to further study:		
administering studies (in original language):	Programme may entitle access to postgraduate study.		
Letterkenny Institute of Technology	5.2 Professional status (if applicable):		
2.5 Language(s) of instruction/examination:			
English	6. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION		
INFORMATION ON THE LEVEL OF THE	6.1 Additional information:		
3. QUALIFICATION	Award made in 2007		
3.1 Level of qualification:	6.2 Further information sources:		
Ordinary Bachelor Degree. Three years in full-time mode.	www.lyit.ie		
3.2 Official length of programme:			
In full-time mode 3 years (180 ECTS Credits) In part-time mode, 180 credits may be accumulated over several years			

## 4.3 Programme details - (e.g. modules or units studied), and the individual grades/marks/credits obtained:

\* Marks out of 100%; Pass marks generally 40%.

\*\* The ECTS Grade is a relative grading indicating the learner's performance within the cohort; A top 10%; B next 30%; C next 25%; D next 25%; E next 10%.

Code	Subject	Marks	Stage	ECTS Credits	
SPANH1101	Spanish 1 (ab initio)		1	10	
EUROH1101	European Studies		1	10	
FRENH1103	French 1 PLC		1	10	
ECONH1103	Economics			10	
STATH1104	Statistics		1	10	
BORGH1104	Business Organisation & Management		1	10	
EBLWH1201	European Business Law		2	10	
SPANH1201	Spanish 2 (Ab initio)		2	10	
ACCTH1203	Accountancy 1		2	10	
FRENH1203	French 2 PLC		2	10	
MARKH1204	Marketing		2	10	
COMPH1204	IT & Office Applications		2	10	
RENH1301	French 3 PLC		3	10	
BUSH1301	European Busii s Managen t		3	10	
ACCTH1301	Accounting 2		3	10	
ASIGH1301	Assignment		3	10	
MARIH1302	International Marketing		3	10	
SPANH1302	Spanish 3 (ab initio)		3	10	
	Award Average	74%			
7. CERTIFICATION OF THE SUPPLEMENT         7.1 Date       7.2 Signature         7.1 Date       7.3 Capacity         7.4 Seal					
22 March	2011 Presider	ıt		ал <sub>м</sub> . Со	

### DESCRIPTION OF HIGHER EDUCATION SYSTEM IN IRELAND OCTOBER 2004

#### Introduction

The higher education or third-level sector in Ireland includes a range of Higher Education Institutions - Universities and Institutes of Technology as well as Colleges of Education, the National College of Art and Design, non-State aided private higher education colleges and other National institutions. The Universities and Colleges of Education are funded by the Higher Education Authority (HEA). The Institutes of Technology and the Dublin Institute of Technology are funded directly by the Department of Education and Science (www.education.ie)

Ireland has a binary system of higher education, designed to ensure maximum flexibility and responsiveness to the needs of students and to the wide variety of social and economic requirements. However, within each sector and between the two sectors, a diversity of institutions offers differing types and levels of courses. The Universities are essentially concerned with undergraduate and postgraduate programmes, together with basic and applied research. The main work of the Institutes of Technology is in undergraduate programmes, with a smaller number of postgraduate programmes and a growing involvement in regionally orientated applied research.

#### **Government Agencies**

#### Higher Education Institutions

There are seven universities recognised under the Universities Act, 1997 - University College Cork, University College Dublin, National University of Ireland Galway, National University of Ireland Maynooth, the University of Dublin, Trinity College, the University of Limerick and Dublin City University. The Universities validate and award their own qualifications as well as those in institutions recognised by them including for example, the Colleges of Education. The Universities have primary responsibility for their own quality assurance systems and have established the Irish Universities Quality Board (IUQB) to promote best practice in quality assurance throughout their sector. The Higher Education Authority also has a review role in relation to quality assurance procedures in Universities.

There are thirteen Institutes of Technology (IoTs), which are designated under the Regional Technical Colleges Acts, 1992 to 1999. The institutions are Athlone IT, IT Blanchardstown, Cork IT, IT Carlow, Dundalk IT, Dun Laoghaire Institute of Art, Design and Technology, Letterkenny IT, Galway-Mayo IT, Limerick IT, IT Sligo, IT Tallaght, IT Tralee and Waterford IT. These conduct programmes leading to awards made by the Higher Education and Training Awards Council. In some cases, following a review process, the institutions have been or may be delegated authority by the Council to make higher education and training awards themselves. In addition, while the institutions have primary responsibility for quality assurance, the Council has a quality assurance monitoring and review role in relation to the institutions.

Other higher education colleges and institutions include National institutions, private colleges and other higher education and training institutions. However, under recent legislation any provider of education and training regardless of the source of that provision, whether it is an educational institution, the workplace or the community, can apply to the Higher Education and Training Awards. Council for validation of a programme.

Finally, the Dublin Institute of Lubnology DIT (www.dit.ie) makes its own awards following le static who was pussed in 1992. While DIT has primary responses, the incommentation of quality assurance promotes, the Norm Qualifications Authority of Ireland has a quality assurance work in relation to these procedures.

#### Pramework of Qualifications

The National Framework of Qualifications (launched on 17 October 2003) sets the overall standards of the awards of the Higher Education and Training Awards Council and the Dublin Institute of Technology, as well as accommodating the awards of the universities. The Framework is the single, nationally and internationally accepted entity, through which all learning achievements may be measured and related to each other, and which defines the relationship between all education and training awards. It is a 10-level framework with higher education and training awards being made at levels 6 to 10. The National Qualifications Authority of Ireland has defined an initial set of 15 major award types for each of the 10 levels as follows:

#### LEVEL MAJOR AWARD-TYPE

10	Doctoral Degree
9	Masters Degree and Post-graduate Diploma
8	Honours Bachelor Degree and Higher Diploma
7	Ordinary Bachelor Degree
6	Advanced Certificate and Higher Certificate
5	Level 5 Certificate
4/5	Leaving Certificate
4	Level 4 Certificate
3	Level 3 Certificate & Junior Certificate
2	Level 2 Certificate
1	Level 1 Certificate

Awards at Levels 7 to 10 will be made by the Higher Education and Training Awards Council, the Dublin Institute of Technology, the Universities and Institutes of Technology with Delegated Authority. At Level 6, the Higher Certificate award will be made by Higher Education and Training Awards Council and the Dublin Institute of Technology. The National Framework is in the process of being implemented.

# THE HIGHER EDUCATION AND TRAINING SYSTEM IN IRELAND

BOLOGNA CYCLES\*

Levels Awards 3 Degre 10 Docto Istitute the Iniversitie Masters Degree 9 2 Post-graduate Diploma Recognised Colleges of Dublin Institute the National University of Technology of Ireland Honours Bachelor Degree 8 Higher Diploma Private Colleges 1 7 Ordinary Bachelor Degree Other Higher Education Colleges and Institutions Higher Certificate 6

NATIONAL FRAMEWORK

**OF QUALIFICATION** 

Further Education & Training Awards School Awards

Entry from Second Level and Further Education and Training.

PROVIDERS

\*The Bologna Process, which commenced in 1999, is designed to lead to the creation of the European Higher Education Area by 2010. A central initiative in the process is adoption of a system based on three cycles - undergraduate, graduate and doctorate.